

Notices of new or little known CETONIIDE; by OLIVER E. JANSON. No. 5.

Discopeltis aberrans, n. sp.

D. elongata, capite nigro, nitido; thorace nigro, opaco, lateribus late sordide rufo marginato; elytris obsolete striato-punctatis, sordide rufis, maculâ basali trigonâ nigrâ notatis; pygidio medio rufo; subtus nigra, nitida. Long. $13\frac{1}{2}$. lat. $6\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

Head with coarse confluent punctures at the base and sides, the clypeus finely punctured, a feeble central longitudinal ridge on the forehead, and an oblique one on each side united at the base smooth; clypeus depressed at the sides, the apex rounded and emarginate in the centre; black, slightly shining; antennæ black, the apex reddish.

Thorax convex, the sides slightly prominent in the middle, the base produced into an obtuse point over the scutellum, rather finely and obsoletely punctured; dull black, the sides broadly margined with dull red.

Scutellum partly concealed, the apex strongly produced and very acute; dull black.

Elytra half as long again as broad, depressed, parallel-sided, the suture posteriorly and two carinæ, united at the apical callosity, feebly elevated and smooth, the interstices and sides with indistinct punctate striæ, the apex with scattered shallow punctures; dull rusty red, with an elongate triangular dull black patch at the base, extending along the suture beyond the middle; epimera shining black and coarsely punctured above.

Pygidium dull black on each side, the centre broadly dull red.

Beneath coarsely punctured and strigose, shining black, the prothorax and posterior coxæ margined with red; mesosternal process short and broad, the apex straight and not dilated; abdomen with a transverse row of punctures on each segment, the apical segment closely punctured and red in the centre, the sides with sparse golden pubescence; legs shining black, coarsely

punctured, the femora with a sparse fringe of golden hairs, anterior tibiæ with two acute lateral teeth, the others with a strong tooth about the middle.

Angola.

Appears to be allied to *D. lateralis*, Gerst.

Glycyphana incongrua, n. sp.

G. subquadrata, supra obscure viridis, opaca, thorace lateribus albo-marginato; elytris bicostatis, profundius punctatis, lateribus postice, maculis quatuor, fasciæ apicali albis; pygidio albo quadri-maculato; subtus viridi-nigra, nitida. Long. $10\frac{1}{2}$, lat. 6 mm.

Head very closely and finely punctured, the punctures confluent at the sides of the clypeus, sparsely pubescent, margins of the clypeus slightly elevated, the apex emarginate and the sides strongly rounded; black, slightly shining, the base greenish; antennæ pitchy.

Thorax strongly rounded at the sides, the basal margin slightly sinuous, rather coarsely and deeply punctured, with sparse short golden pubescence, a small space before the scutellum smooth; dark green, opaque, the sides narrowly margined with white.

Scutellum large, triangular, with a few coarse punctures at the base; dark opaque green.

Elytra subquadrate, the suture and two discal carinæ on each distinctly elevated and smooth, the interspaces and sides with rows of coarse deep setiferous punctures; dark green, opaque, the apex black, a small spot just behind the shoulder, one on the inner carina about the middle, another nearer the apex and close to the lateral margin, a larger one near the suture about one fourth from the apex, a narrow lateral marginal line on the posterior half, and a large angulated transverse fascia close to the apex white.

Pygidium coarsely strigose and pubescent; shining black, with a transverse row of four white spots.

Beneath greenish black, shining, strigose and pubescent; meso-sternal process broad and rounded, with a transverse impressed line fringed with golden hairs; abdomen with rows of coarse semicircular impressions; legs greenish black, shining, punctured and pubescent, anterior tibiæ with three acute lateral teeth.

Formosa.